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RANDOM REFERENCES

We sell the Hats of such noted makers as Dunlap, Hawes and Stetson. There are no better hats. FRED M. NYE CO.

L. O. O. M. Notice—All members are notified to attend the regular meeting Friday evening, as a report of the convention will be made by Bro. Kohlenberg, and other matters of importance are to be discussed.

JOS. CHEZ, D.
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Call Allen, phones 22, for carriages for funerals and operas. Private calls a specialty. Also prompt delivery of baggage. 412 25th.

Get your Union Pacific and Oregon Short Line tickets at the office in the Opera House Block. Don't force your self to stand in line at the Depot.

For Sale—Old mats. Good to put under carpets. Inquire Standard office.

(Continued on Page Seven.)

POPULATION OF GREATER NEW YORK

WASHINGTON, Sept. 1.—Manhattan borough, 2,331,542; Bronx borough, 430,980; Brooklyn borough, 1,634,351; Richmond borough, 55,965; Queensborough, borough, 284,941. Total for Greater New York, 4,766,833. Increase of 329,681, or 38.7 per cent, as compared with 3,437,202 in 1900.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 1.—Greater New York has a population of 4,766,833 under the thirteenth decennial census, according to figures issued tonight by the director of the census. This makes New York the second largest city in the world and as large as any two foreign cities, excepting London.

Since 1900 the population of the Metropolitan area has increased by 1,329,631, or 38.7 per cent, as compared with 3,437,202 under the last census. The figures for the borough, together with the increases are as follows: Bronx 430,980, an increase of 230,473 or 114.96 per cent.

Queens 284,941, an increase of 131,641 or 55.6 per cent. Brooklyn 1,634,351, an increase of 467,760 or 40.16 per cent. Richmond Borough 55,969, an increase of 19,948, or 28.36 per cent. Manhattan Borough 2,331,542, an increase of 381,449 or 26.0 per cent. New York City contains only 164,649 fewer people than the combined fourteen cities of more than 200,000, the population of which already has been announced, namely: Pittsburgh, St. Louis, Detroit, Buffalo, Cincinnati, Newark, Milwaukee, Washington, Indianapolis, Jersey City, Kansas City, Providence, St. Paul and Denver. The aggregate population of the cities named is given as 4,931,532.

The city of New York, as constituted prior to the act of consolidation on January 1, 1898, had a population in 1890 of 1,515,201 as compared with 3,437,202 in 1900 showing an apparent increase of 1,921,901 or 126.86 per cent for the great city. It is expected the census figures for Philadelphia, the third largest city in the United States, will be issued tomorrow night. The population of Chicago the second largest city probably will be announced about September 15.

Feet So Sore Couldn't Walk Down Stairs—TIZ Cured Her Quick



If you have sore feet, tired feet, twenty feet, lame feet, tender feet, smelly feet, corns, callouses or bunions, read what happened to Mrs. Crockett, of Jeffersonville. TIZ DID IT. Mr. Crockett says: "After the second treatment she walked downstairs one foot at a time. She has not been able to walk downstairs before in past five years, except by stepping down on each step with one foot at a time. This is remarkable. Send five more boxes."

No matter what ails your feet, or what under heaven you have used without getting relief, just use TIZ. It's different. It acts right off. It cures sore feet in a week. It's the only foot remedy ever made which acts on the principle of drawing out all the poisonous exudations which cause sore feet. Powders and other remedies merely clog up the pores. TIZ cleans them out and keeps them clean. You will feel better the first time it's used. Use it a week and you can forget you ever had sore feet. There is nothing on earth that can compare with it. TIZ is for sale at all drug stores, 25c per box, or direct, if you wish, from Walter Luther Dodge & Co., Chicago, Ill.

SPORTS THOUSANDS CHEER TEDDY

BUENA VISTA RACE TRACK DESTROYED

The grand stand and a considerable portion of the stables at the Buena Vista race track at Salt Lake City were destroyed by fire early this morning. The loss is estimated at \$100,000. The track was owned by the Utah Jockey club.

The origin of the fire is unknown, but it is believed that it was the work of incendiaries. The recent action of the city council in prohibiting the making of books or the posting of odds practically made the new mile track worthless, except for fair purposes.

It is understood that the stand and stables burned were insured, but whether this will cover the loss is not known.

BASEBALL RESULTS

NATIONAL LEAGUE

Standing of Clubs.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Chicago	60	37	.618
Pittsburgh	59	47	.555
New York	67	48	.583
Cincinnati	61	59	.508
Philadelphia	59	59	.500
St. Louis	48	71	.404
Brooklyn	44	72	.379
Boston	43	78	.356

AMERICAN LEAGUE

Standing of Clubs.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Philadelphia	72	37	.659
Boston	72	49	.595
New York	69	51	.575
Detroit	67	54	.555
Washington	56	67	.454
Cleveland	51	68	.429
Chicago	46	71	.394
St. Louis	36	82	.305

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

At Indianapolis—Milwaukee 4, Indianapolis 2.
At Louisville—St. Paul 0, Louisville 2; game called 7th; darkness.
At Toledo—First game—Minneapolis 2, Toledo 2. Second game—Minneapolis 2, Toledo 3.
At Columbus—Kansas City-Columbus postponed; rain.

COAST LEAGUE.

At Los Angeles—San Francisco 8, Vernon 2.
At Portland—Los Angeles 1, Portland 4.
At Oakland—Sacramento 3, Oakland 1.

NORTHWESTERN LEAGUE.

At Tacoma—Tacoma 5, Seattle 2.
Pittsburg 1, Cincinnati 4.
Cincinnati succeeded in defeating Pittsburg today, 4 to 1. Beebe pitched excellent ball while Cincinnati managed to bunch hits on Camnitz. Score: R. H. E. Pittsburg 1 6 2 Cincinnati 4 7 0 Batteries—Caminitz, Philippi and Gibson; Beebe and Clarke.

THOMAS WINS HANDICAP SHOOT

DENVER, Colo., Sept. 1.—W. R. Thomas of Denver won the Colorado handicap on the shoot off of the day today with Al Rice of Douglas, Wyo., and H. H. Wilde of Pecos Valley, Texas. This was the main event of the state shoot, which has been on for three days.

(Continued on Page Eight.)

LINERS HELDUP BY HEALTH OFFICERS

NEW YORK, Sept. 1.—Two transatlantic steamships, one of them the liner Lusitania, were held up by the New York health authorities tonight because of the cholera scare aboard. The Lusitania was stopped off Stapleton for further inspection.

A steerage passenger had been found seriously ill by the inspector and while there was nothing to indicate cholera, it was decided to hold the ships and take no chances pending a medical examination. The San Giovanni from Naples and Palermo with passengers aboard from Trani, Italy, where cholera has been reported, was detained at quarantine until the health officers of the port can investigate the death at sea of a fourteen-year-old girl, five days ago.

STATION AGENT'S CRIME: BURGLARY AND THEFT

Beaver, Sept. 1.—A bold, bad burglar entered the malt shop of H. Hanks in Milford, Saturday night, between the hours of 12 and 4, and, playing the right tune on the little iron safe, opened it and extracted \$15. He then clambered out of the window in the rear of the shop and escaped. He started to "tank up" along about daylight in the Oxford saloon, where he changed some small money for currency, when the marshal entered, tipped up and arrested him. The burglar was so surprised when he was locked up that he gave out a yell that woke up half the village. On being searched, some more money was found on his person than that stolen at the Hanks saloon. County Attorney Knox was telephoned for here and went to Milford and preferred the formal charges against the drunken prisoner, who was of the Salt Lake Route in Milford. A. J. Ashton by name, a newcomer. He was locked up in the county jail here Tuesday and placed under \$500 bonds. His case will come up before the district court next month. Ashton comes from a good family and was short in his accounts at the ticket office about \$25, which amount he gambled and drank away, until fearful of the consequences of being found out by the railroad company, he was prompted to break in and steal.

Thousands Turned Away From Convention Hall in Kansas City

KANSAS CITY, Sept. 1.—Eighteen thousand people stood up and cheered, screamed and waved their handkerchiefs as Theodore Roosevelt came upon the platform of Convention hall in this city tonight. Thousands of people had been turned away from the doors of the big convention hall after all seats and standing room had been occupied.

Colonel Roosevelt, coming to the front of the platform, stood rigidly erect as he was given an ovation, his countenance fixed in sternness.

Governor Hadley, appearing shortly afterward, was given an equally enthusiastic greeting.

President William T. Bland of the Kansas City Commercial club, which had just entertained the colonel at dinner, then introduced him. He declared that the welcoming being given Roosevelt, the man, was warmer than that which several years had been given him as President of the United States.

It is, if possible, more affectionate, more enthusiastic, more wonderful to the man who does things," said the speaker.

"It was Roosevelt," he continued, "who awakened the public conscience which had already slept too long. I might also say he created public conscience."

Restless in waiting for Colonel Roosevelt's speech, the great audience began shouting, "Teddy—Roosevelt!"

Insisting upon further compliments, to the guest of honor, Mr. Bland said:

"The nation owes to him an indefinite debt of gratitude," and when he referred to the colonel's career in the Spanish war, shouts and cheers again filled the big auditorium.

Colonel Roosevelt being presented, the great audience again arose and cheered and thousands of handkerchiefs and hats were waved.

"The American people owe nothing to a man who has been President of the United States compared to what he owes the American people," declared the colonel, referring to the words of the speaker who had presented him. At this point the doors of the hall were thrown open, and from the sidewalk men and women surged into the aisles, packed the last standing room that could be found.

"I am very deeply touched by the size of my audience," said Mr. Roosevelt, and proceeded at once with his speech. While President, he said, he had instructed his attorney general to proceed against any man who was corrupt, whether he was a Republican senator from Oregon or Kansas, or a Democratic governor of Oklahoma.

"I think I value these men almost as much as I value the good will of honest senators, honest governors and other honest men with whom I have been my privilege to work," he said.

Speaking of corruption in politics, the colonel added, amid applause:

"Look at the corruption in my state of New York."

His reference to his African hunting trip proved a signal for another demonstration. Then paying a tribute to the American republic, he reminded his audience that continental Europe was watching the American experiment in self government with the greatest interest.

"If, here in America," he said, "we fail in our experiment of self government, woe to us, and woe also to other nations on the earth whom we will have robbed of the brightest hope they now have."

As he concluded his remarks the great audience again cheered, and men scrambled to reach the stage to shake the hands of the guest of honor. Colonel Roosevelt made his way through the surging crowd and was driven to the station. He left at a late hour for Omaha, where he will speak tomorrow.

An enjoyable part of the day's entertainment was a Dutch luncheon, given by Colonel W. N. Nelson at his home to the visiting newspaper men and others of Colonel Roosevelt's party.

KANSAS CITY, Sept. 1.—As the guest of the Kansas City Commercial club, Theodore Roosevelt tonight drank a toast to the president, was himself toasted as the "first citizen of the United States," and listened to a rollicking song to the tune of "In the Good Old Summer time," which ran as follows:

"At next election time,
Roaming round the woolly west,
Getting things in line,
For we like him and he likes us,
And that's a very good sign,
That he will be our president
At next election time."

Responds To Toast To President.

The colonel responded heartily to the toast to the president and looked

Hay's Hair Health

Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to Its Natural Color and Beauty.

No matter how long it has been gray or faded. Promotes a luxuriant growth of healthy hair. Stops its falling out, and positively removes dandruff. Keeps hair soft and glossy.

Will not soil skin or linen. Will not injure your hair. Is not a dye. 21 and 50c bottles at druggists. Send for free book, "The Care of the Hair and Skin." Hay's Hair Soap, Co., Newark, N.J., U.S.A.

Hay's Hair Soap is unequalled for the complexion, toilet and bath, red, rough, chapped hands. Keeps skin fine and soft. 25c. druggists. REFUSE ALL SUBSTITUTES.

CULLEY DRUG CO., 2479 WASH. WM. DRIVER & SONS, 2453 WASH. BACON'S PHARMACY, 2421 WASH.

statuesque as references to him self were made. Later when he was called to speak he referred to the song, saying that "one of them was anxiously seeking the knowledge of my whereabouts."

Another song ending with the refrain, "For he's insurgent through and through," he said could have improved in technique accuracy if the word "progressive" had been substituted for the word "insurgent."

"Don't get the bride off," said the colonel amid cheers.

Three hundred men attended the luncheon and gave Colonel Roosevelt a noisy welcome.

Before the guests were seated, former Congressman William S. Cowherd, who was toastmaster, said:

It is always the custom of the commercial club to drink the first toast to the president of the United States."

Join in Drinking Song.
Everybody joined in drinking the toast.

Among the guests were Governor Hadley of Missouri; Governor Stuart of Kansas; Clifford Pinchot, James B. Garfield, Colonel W. R. Nelson, proprietor of the Kansas City Star; Senator Bristow and Representative Madison of Kansas.

Colonel Roosevelt complimented the people of Kansas City upon the extensive improvements that have been made to their waterworks system. He expressed his interest in the improvements of the waterways especially of the Missouri river.

"When I began, as president, the fight against rebates that were universally given, the practice was so general that the fact of giving rebates to certain shippers was a purely conventional crime," said Colonel Roosevelt.

No One Spoke of Rebates.
"No one spoke of the giving of rebates as a crime and as that practice was freely indulged in by the great mass of people, others were driven to commit the crime, having the alternative of being ruined by their competitors if they did not get them."

The shippers demanded rebates of the railroads and the railroads granted rebates to certain shippers they got in a network of preferences from which they were unable to extricate themselves by any individual action on their part. After some difficulty accompanied by the usual statement that it was ruining the business interest of the country, we got the rebate practice definitely stopped.

Cannot Make a Change Without Suffering.
"Of course, no great change of that kind has ever been made without incidental hardship being suffered by many good people. You cannot make a change and not suffer from the dislocation. Some good people and some communities did suffer and I think that Kansas City was the community that for a time suffered considerably."

Kansas City has refused that I think at times were as high as thirty-five per cent and I was quite prepared for an outburst of dissatisfaction from Kansas City. But it is immensely to your credit that I received unanimous approval. Your people said that this change was right, that the thing ought to be done and that they were for it."

"I think it was a question of honesty as one could desire of the willingness of your people to squarely face a moral issue."

At the conclusion of Colonel Roosevelt's speech, he was driven to the Westport High school to make another address.

KANSAS CITY, Kan., Sept. 1. Theodore Roosevelt delivered the following address in this city today:

There are certain matters which should never be treated as party matters; and foremost among these is the great and vital virtue of honesty. Honesty should be treated as a prime necessity to our success as a nation. The minute that a question of honesty as against dishonesty is involved, we must all act together as Americans, without the slightest regard to party affiliations. Honesty is not a party matter; and the first man to attack a scoundrel of any party should be the honest man of that party. When in office, I always proceeded upon the basis that honesty would be no need of my opponents raising the cry of "Turn the rascals out," because I would turn them out myself just as soon as, by vigilant and intelligent industry, I could discover them. The present Senator Bristow, for instance, was in the post office department. Information reached me which convinced me that there was extensive rascality being practiced in the department. This information came to me through the first Assistant Postmaster General, Mr. Wynne—an admirable man whose honesty I knew to be beyond proof. The active work of the investigation was done by another post office official in whose honesty, courage, and energy I had absolute confidence—the present Senator Bristow. When he got through I knew that all rascals whose rascality could be detected were out of office and that all of them that had committed acts which we could proceed against as criminal were indicted or imprisoned. As we dealt with the crooked public official, so we dealt with the crooked private citizen; with the rich swindler in New York or Chicago as with the horse-thief or homicide in Indian territory.

We never attacked a man because he was a man of a political faith or another, because he did or did not possess wealth; and we never shielded him because he was poor or rich, because he belonged to any particular church or to any particular party. But I also wish you especially to remember that we never hesitated to shield him and stand up for him once we were convinced that he was improperly attacked. There is no greater foe of honesty than the man who, for any reason, in any capacity, attacks, or seeks to attack, an honest man for a crime which he has not committed. Falsely accusing an honest man of dishonesty is an act which stands on the same level of infamy with that of the dishonest man himself, and it is no higher duty to attack the dishonest man than it is to exonerate the honest man falsely accused; and I should be ashamed to hesitate the fraction of a second longer in one case than in the other.

Honesty Not Unilateral.
Remember that honesty cannot be unilateral. Good citizens should cordially distrust the man who can never see dishonesty excepting in men of the class he dislikes. The reckless agitator who, by a single word, stirs up the passions of the ignorant and unscrupulous—but no more unscrupulous—reactionary who can see dishonesty only in a blackmailing politician or a crooked labor leader; both stand on the same plane of obnoxiousness. You will never get honesty from politicians until you exact honesty from business men; on the other hand you brand yourselves as fools or as hypocrites if you say that the corporation owner, or the employer, is always the dishonest man, and the poor man never, that it is only the

WHY YOU SHOULD VOTE FOR THE WATER BONDS

(Tuesday, September 6th, 1910)

- 1st. Because it will not cost the taxpayers one cent.
- 2nd. Because the waterworks system itself will pay bonds in four annual payments.
- 3rd. It will reduce the fire insurance rates from \$25,000 to \$35,000 per year.
- 4th. It will furnish ample water in case of a big fire.
- 5th. It will furnish all consumers with an abundance of water.
- 6th. It will enable the city to extend the water mains, which now cannot be made on account of a shortage of water.
- 7th. It will increase the supply of water by 100 per cent and will be enough to supply all demands for years to come.
- 8th. It will cause more new buildings to be erected than any other thing that can be named.
- 9th. If the bonds are voted down the city must increase the taxes, for the improvements must be made. If the taxpayers refuse to allow the water bonds to be issued then the city government must raise the money by increasing the taxes. The water supply MUST be increased, under the law the city cannot run in debt or vote bonds without the taxpayers' consent, but the city can double the taxes by a vote of six councilmen without the people's consent.

The foregoing are the main features of the proposition; the taxpayer can take his choice, either authorize the bonds or prepare for increased taxes.

Labor Day Programme at LAGOON MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 5

OGDEN TRADES & LABOR ASSEMBLY

PROGRAM, 1:30.

- 1—Boys' Foot Race, 25 yds., 10 years or under—Prize, Sweater, Utah Knitting Company, No. 302 25th St.
- 2—Girls' Foot Race, 25 yards, 10 years or under—Prize, 2-lb. box candy, Chas. Hupfer
- 3—Boys' Foot Race, 50 yds., 16 years or under—Prize, Jersey Sweater, \$2.50, Proudft Sporting Co.
- 4—Girls' Foot Race, 50 yds., 16 years or under—Prize, 1st 5-lb. Box Candy, Shupe-Williams Candy Co.; Prize, 2nd, 2 1/2 lb. Box Candy, C. W. Ward.
- 5—Young Men's Foot Race, 100 yds., 20 years or under—Prizes, 1st, \$3.00 Hat, Fred M. Nye; prize, 2nd, 1 Pair Dress Gloves, The Model Clothier.
- 6—Young Women's Foot Race, 20 years or under, 50 yards—Prizes, 1st, \$3.00 Parasol, Horrocks Bros.; prize 2nd, \$3.00. Hand Bag, Spargo's Book Store.
- 7—Foot Race for Union Men only, all ages, 100 yards—Prizes, 1st, \$5.00 Hat, A. Kuhn Bros; prize, 2nd, Meal Ticket, E. H. Munsey; prize, 3rd, One Box Columbia Club Perfecto Cigars.
- 8—Union Men's Wives' Foot Race, 50 yards, all ages—Prizes, 1st, \$5.00 Parasol, Last and Thomas; prize, 2nd, \$3.75 Rug, Boyle Furniture Company; prize, 3rd, One Bag Graham Flour, C. F. Grout.
- 9—High Jump for Union Men only—Prizes, 1st, \$5.00 Razor, Geo. A. Lowe Company; prize, 2nd, One Box Cigars, Wessler Cigar Company.
- 10—Broad Jump for Union Men only—Prizes, 1st, \$5.00 Pair Pants, Frank Wright; prize, 2nd, One Box Victor Cigars, Victor Cigar Company.
- 11—Hop, Skip and Jump—Prizes, 1st, \$3.00 Hat, S. H. Browne Company; prize, 2nd, One Dress Shirt, R. O. Quality Shop. 3rd, One Good as Gold Razor, Browning Bros.
- 12—Egg Race—Prizes, 1st, 2 Gold Hat Pins, Value \$5.00, J. S. Lewis; prize, 2nd, 5-lb. Box Candy, Shupe-Williams Candy Co., prize, 3rd, 2 Box Seats, Orpheum.
- 13—Nail Driving Contest, Union Men's Wives—Prizes, 1st, One Silk Dress Pattern, Value \$15.00, S. J. Burt Brothers; prize, 2nd, \$5.00 Umbrella, W. H. Wright and Sons; prize, 3rd, One Pair Eye Glasses, fitted, Crescent Jewelry Co.
- 14—Jar Breaking Contest—Prizes, 1st, One Mandolin, Value \$15.00, Ezra H. G. Williams Music Company; prize, 2nd, One Robe, Value \$4.00, Burton Implement Co.
- 15—For Largest Union Family on Grounds—Prizes, 1st, 100 lbs. Flour, Ogden Milling Company; prize, 2nd, 100 lbs. Flour, Peery Brothers Milling Co.
- 16—Fat Men's Race, 50 Miles—Prizes, 1st, One Overall Suit, Ogden Overall & Shirt Co.; prize, 2nd, One Good-as-Gold Razor, Browning Brothers.

BALL GAME, 3:30—Machinists vs. R. R. Carmen.

SPORT COMMITTEE—Chairman, C. A. Bass; J. A. Reeder, Thos. Mayer, W. D. Watson, Frank Weisgarber.

wealthy man who corrupts the politician and never the politician who blackmails the corporation.

Any man in his senses knows that there are plenty of corporations in this country who prosper by bribing legislators just as they prosper by swindling the public; and any man in his senses ought to know, in addition, that there are plenty of corrupt men of small means who, in legislative or other bodies, try to blackmail other people as well. If they doubt this, let them look at the revelations of corruption in my own state—New York—and in yours, my hearers—here in Missouri; let them look at what has occurred in Illinois. In Illinois, for instance, one of the rascallies developed by the recent in-

(Continued on Page Eight.)

COMMERCIAL NATIONAL BANK OGDEN, UTAH

A RECEIPT THAT CANNOT BE DISPUTED.

It is far better to pay all your bills by check than in currency, for a returned check that has been paid through the bank is a receipt that cannot be disputed. Checking accounts, whether large or small, are cordially invited.

Capital Stock \$100,000.00
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Great Sale of Monumental Work
Pay no attention to lying misrepresentations from our competitors, and do not pay big commissions to agents, but see us; we can save you money.
Yards 2003 Jefferson.